

Creating an Effective Resident Development Plan

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• In this session:

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Learning Objectives

- Define the purpose of a resident development plan (RDP) and how it differs from a quarterly summary of resident progress.
- Demonstrate the major components of an ideal RDP, including three processes for RDP development, communication and use.
- Given a case scenario, develop and discuss a RDP based on a case scenario.



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Session Outline

- Key Principles and Components of an Ideal Residency Development Plan
 - Darryl Rich
- Creating and Using Residency Development Plans
 - Julie Dagam
- Group Practice Exercise





Key Principles and Components of an Ideal Resident Development Plan

Darryl S. Rich, Pharm.D, M.B.A, FASHPASHP Contractor Lead Surveyor, Brooklyn NY

The Issue

- Frequent findings of partial compliance on ASHP Residency Accreditation Surveys.
 - 3.4d(2) On a quarterly basis, the RPD or designee must assess residents' progress and determine if the development plan needs to be adjusted
 - 71% of surveys scored PC (#3 standard cited)



A Story with an Analogy

- Patient Care Plans vs. Resident Development Plans (RDPs)
 - Home infusion vs. Hospitals

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Standards

- 3.4.a. Initial assessment
 - 3.4.a.(1) At the beginning of the residency, the RPD in conjunction with preceptors, must assess each resident's entering knowledge and skills related to the educational goals and objectives.
 - 3.4.a.(2) The results of residents' initial assessments must be documented by the program director or designee in each resident's development plan by the end of the orientation period and taken into consideration when determining residents' learning experiences, learning activities, evaluations, and other changes to the program's overall plan.

Standards

- 3.4d Resident Development Plans
 - 3.4d(1) Each resident must have a resident development plan documented by the RPD or designee.
 - 3.4d(2) On a quarterly basis, the RPD or designee must assess residents' progress and determine if the development plan needs to be adjusted.
 - 3.4.d.(3) The development plan and any adjustments must be documented and shared with all preceptors.

See Guidance Document for 3.4d(1)



Purpose of RDPs

- Operative word is PLAN it is a forward-looking document
- Primary purpose is to modify the design and conduct of the program on an ongoing basis to address each resident's unique learning needs & interests.
- Discusses changes in focus & structure of the program for that resident
- Communication tool for upcoming preceptors to tailor their rotation
- A tracking and monitoring tool about the resident's progress over the course of the residency

Key Features of RDPs

- Dynamic, based on changing assessment of the resident
 - Lists <u>actions/activities</u> to maximize identified strengths and to improve identified weaknesses
 - Professional knowledge, skills, and abilities related to the educational goals and objectives
 - Personal strengths/issues related to being a professional
 - Tailors the training schedule to the short- and long-term career goals, and learning interests of the resident (optional).



Key Features of RDPs

Documents all of the following:

- Modifications of residents' schedules (including electives selected)
- Goals and objectives to be emphasized in required and elective learning experiences
- Addition of goals and objectives to required or elective learning experiences
- Modify preceptors' use of modeling, coaching, and facilitation
- Changing and/or increasing number of summative selfevaluations, formative self-evaluations, and preceptors' feedback related to areas for improvement



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So what if...

- Problem Child vs. Superstar
 - Tailoring to the resident's learning interests/career goals
 - Modifications to the schedule
 - · Goals and objectives to be emphasized
 - Additional goals and objectives required
 - Modify preceptors use of the modeling, coaching and facilitation.
 - Changing/increasing evaluations



Typical Outline of RDPs

- Identified Strengths
- Identified Weaknesses
- Career Goals
- Learning Desires
- Residency Completion Requirements
- A word about format: Multicolumn vs. Transcript



Sources of Information

- Summative Evaluations and Feedback

 preceptor, non-preceptors, and resident
- Feedback from day-to-day observations, interactions and assessments, including other healthcare practitioners (e.g., MD, RN)
- RPD discussion with the resident and preceptors



Common Pitfalls

- Retrospective summarization of resident past activities
- Focus on changes in strengths/weaknesses/needs rather than actions to be taken in response to them
- Stating how unchanged structure (already scheduled rotations) will meet resident needs
- Focus on overall improvements to the program rather than the specific resident's training



Common Pitfalls

- No discussion of:
 - · schedule changes
 - goals and objectives to focus in upcoming rotations
 - additional evaluations needed
 - stretch goals for superstars



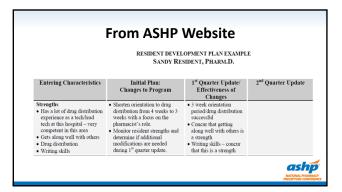
Other Common Pitfalls

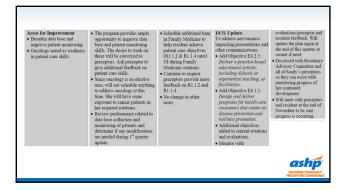
- Thinking like it is an overall summative evaluation and not a forward-thinking PLAN
- Not involving all preceptors in development of the plan
- Plan is developed but preceptors and RPD are not using it to customize the residency training





Let's Look at Some Examples





nervousness. Therefore, Objective E6.2.3 and E8.1.1 have been added
give her more experience and build her confidence. What's Missing?

	Real Example-PGY2
BAC	KGROUND INFORMATION:
	rests:
	Emergency medicine, critical care, ambulatory care, medication safety, administration
	er Goals:
•	Short term: ED pharmacist, critical care/ambulatory care Build a strong clinical knowledge base/foundation and hands on understanding of hospital
	pharmacy workflow prior to serving in pharmacy administration in order to accurately represent
	pharmacy and make relevant decisions
	Long term: Medication Safety, Administration, improving the healthcare system on a large scale
	ated Interests (Q2):
	Public health/education/awareness, patient education in general (ex. via career, collaboration, and
	other means/social media)

Personal Residency Goals: Gain exposure to medication safety and	Changes to Program Based on Personal Residency Goals: Due to her overlapping interests in medication safety and emergency medicine, assign her	Effectiveness of Changes to Program Based on Personal Residency Goals: RLS Goals Achieved End Q1: • Because of her prior knowledge of and	Effectiveness of Changes to Program Based on Personal Residency Goals: Her short term career goals include gaining experience and working and developing as an	
administration for a future long term career in medication safety and administration • Observe the pharmacy	Medication Safety projects specifically related to emergency medicine/critical care to create a bridge between medication safety and emergency medicine and to allow her to observe the overall picture of the pharmacy department working in conjunction	experience with the our system and RPD, She was able to quickly orient herself to multiple longitudinal medication safety projects including pain management and her longitudinal research project regarding best practice alerts for medications in older adults	emergency department pharmacist. In order to fulfill these short term goals, She completed her elective learning experience in the ED as an independent pharmacist during the night shift which gave her ample opportunities to grow as an independent ED pharmacist who also had her ED independent ED pharmacist who also had her ED	
structure, relationships, functioning from a medication safety/administrative perspective	 Based on her residency goal of gaining experience in emergency medicine and serving as an independent ED provider, assign her to the ED night shift elective to allow her to gain independence and condidence as the primary drug information resource 	and futfill R6.1.1, 6.1.2, 6.1.3, 6.2.1, 6.2.2, 8.1.1, 8.1.2, and 8.1.3 Based on the needs of the medical center and pharmacy department, she fulfilled R7.1.1, 7.1.2, 7.1.3, 7.1.4	preceptors to refer to when in need of guidance RLS Goals Achieved End Q2: • Furfilled goal RB.1.5 by creating and presenting a management case study at a national meeting	
Increase experience in emergency medicine Refine skillset and proficiency in emergency medicine and critical care	RIS Goals for Q1: (planned) R4.3.1	RLS Goals for Q2: (planned) • R8.1.5	RLS Goals for Q3: (planned) To incorporate applying medication safety and clinical knowledge abilities, complete R7.2.2 and 7.2.3 and improve patient safety in the emergency	
 Serve as a knowledgeable and independent emergency department pharmacist 			department (and elsewhere if applicable on a larger scale) She will be able to fulfill goal RE.1.4 when her house wide research project goes live into the Epic EHR system Based on her realized interest of increasing	
			people's knowledge and awareness of healthcare and safety, having her focus on fulfilling goals R2.4.1, 2.4.2, 2.4.3, 2.4.4, 4.1.1, 4.4.3, 4.5.1, and 2.1.1	
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Strengths: Interest and passion for medication and	Initial Plan and Chances to Program Based on Resident's Initial Strengths: • Initial plan, cut to the passion for patient	Effectiveness of initial Plan and Changes to Prozram Based on Resident's Initial Strengths; Resident Program	Effectiveness of Fian and Changes to Program Based on Resident Strengths: Resident Tropes
patient safety, dedication to patient safety Detail-oriented Involvement with professional organizations, student pharmacy organizations Gets along well with others	safety and detail-oriented nature, assign her hands-on-real world assignments has can directly improve patient safety including creating medication policies and guiselines to improve the current medication process Based on her prior experience with student organizations (APIA-ASP president, APIA-ASP Faculty Advisor), the her more operunnities to work in conjunction with and precept students.	RIS Goals Arthered End Q1: As a result of modifying her schedule to incorporate more time in the emergency department, She was able to fulfill goal R4.3.1 Updated Strengths: Thorough and comprehensive review of literature, including primary literature, relating to medication safety guidelines	 As noted on Dr. Sample's evaluation, with her additional time spen as an independent pharmactir in the ED, the has further developed and improved as a clinical pharmactir in the emergency department. Improvement in clinical database, prioritization/ management of tasks via handlor on experience during clinical decidus learning experiences
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	Not So Good Ex	kample
Entering Characteristics	Initial Plan:	2nd Quarter Update/ Plan
Strengths:	Charming and Enthusiastic personality Adventuresome spirit as evidenced by moving from across the country for PGY1 residency Prepared (as evidenced by already being licensed in our state at start of residency!)	Much more comfortable with departmental policies/procedures/protocols Continuing to build rapport with pharmacy, medical, and nursing staffs Much more comfortable talking with patients (via Coumadin clinic patients)
Areas for Improvement:	Staffing/dispensing/IV Room operations Drug knowledge – kinetics, parenteral nutrition, warfarm dosing Disease knowledge Process Improvement/Research methodology Continue developing skills in teaching students (co-precepted an APPE student previously)	Continue to work independently as a practitioner Continue to work on improving time management skills particularly for research projects Continue to work on improving striking the right balance with making recommendations to prescriber when using electronic messaging

Key Takeaways

- It is a PLAN on how the residency will be customized to meet the changing goals/needs/strengths and weakness of the resident
- Comments should be action-focused





Creating and Using Development Plans

- Describe approaches that can be used to develop, communicate, and use development plans
- Discuss strategies that can be incorporated into the RDP process



Presentation and Speaker Expectations

- Can do:
 - Share perspective

 - Generate ideas"Pro-tips" from personal experience
 - RPD of 18 residents (35 total)
 - serving as a guest surveyor
- Can't do:
 - Guarantee full compliance on these elements of the standard!
 - ③



Audience Response Question

Which role best describes you?

- Residency Program Director (RPD)
- Program Coordinator
- Preceptor (not RPD or coordinator)
- Preceptor-in-training
- Student or Resident



Audience Response Question

How many residents are in your program?

- 1 resident
- 2-5 residents
- 5-10 residents
- More than 10 residents



Does Size Matter?

- Smaller programs may be challenged by not as much "expertise" from other residents
- Larger programs may be challenged by applying the RDP process to multiple residents in a customized manner
- Programs of all sizes can share similar challenges!



Setting the Stage

- Set expectations early (orientation)
- Define difference between RDP and summative evaluations



Summative Evaluations vs RDP

- Evaluations
 - Skills shown during a learning experience (LE)
 - Components of the RDP
- RDP: Big Picture
 - Skills shown as a practitioner
 - Ties together several LE + strategic checkpoints



Setting the Stage: Pro-Tip

- Involve PGY2 residents (or recent residency graduates)
- Discuss how their RDP helped them
 - Develop as a professional
 - Realize their progress quarterly
 - Reflect on their progress
 - Change/adjust focus
 - Celebrate how far they came by the end of their residency vs. at the start
 - Carry those skills into post-residency



Developing the Initial Plan

- Use the entering interests and self-assessments
 - Pre-built in PharmAcademic[™]
 - Collect custom elements (e.g. learning style assessment, experience in certain areas) if relevant to your program's design
- Collect observations from preceptors to verify residentreported strengths/areas for improvement
- Customize RDP to correspond with SWIG (strengths, weaknesses, interests, goals)



Developing the Initial Plan: Pro-Tip

- When customizing each resident's RDP, consider:
 - Learning experience choices/sequencing/repetition
 - Projects
 - Staffing areas
- Consider including activities that help with department needs/program execution
 - Example: education/inservices, wellness fairs, point person for initiating time studies
 - Align with a particular strength or area for improvement



Quarterly Updates: What is your biggest challenge?

- Finding the time!
- It's hard to write an action plan instead of a summary of activities!
- The resident already gets great feedback on each LE!
- All of the above ②



Quarterly Updates: Finding the time

- Pro-tip: Pair the resident with a "preceptor mentor"
 - Preceptor who knows the resident beyond a single LE
 - Additional perspective
 - · Opportunity for mentor relationship
- May be particularly useful in large programs

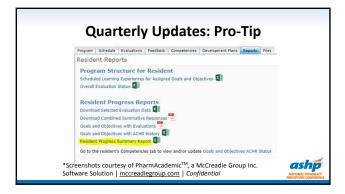


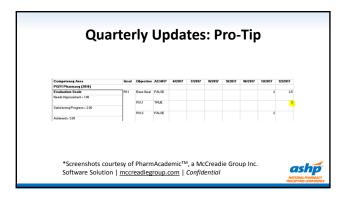
Quarterly Updates: Meaningful Action Plans

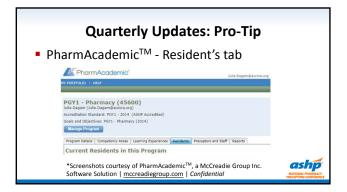
- Pro-tip: Pool information from multiple sources
 - $\bullet \quad \text{PharmAcademic}^{\text{TM}}\text{, preceptor meetings, preceptor handoffs}$
 - Identify patterns over several repetitions/LE's vs. isolated event
- Pro-tip: Discuss with preceptors
 - May see strengths/weaknesses not observed elsewhere
 - Have ideas for what worked/didn't work on a particular LE
 - · Generate ideas for strategies
 - Helps newer preceptors (when they encounter similar situation)

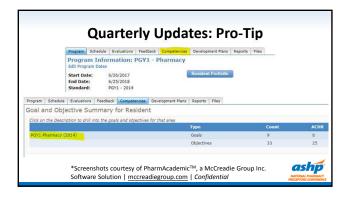


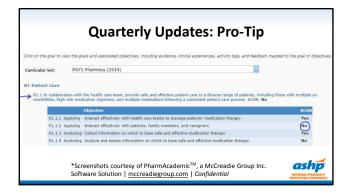
Quarterly Updates: Pro-Tip PharmAcademic TM - Resident's tab PhyrmAcademic Note Department of the De











Quarterly Updates: Already Receive Feedback

- Remember the difference between summative evaluations and RDP
- Pro-tip: Involve the resident
 - May be a future preceptor or RPD!
 - Help the resident develop effective self-reflection skills
 - Prepare them to use self-reflection in post-residency roles (when feedback is not as frequent)
 - Apply concept to Continuing Professional Development (CPD)



Continuing Professional Development

"...a self-directed, ongoing, systematic and outcomes-focused approach to lifelong learning that is applied into practice. It involves the process of active participation in formal and informal learning activities that assist individuals in developing and maintaining continuing competence, enhancing their professional practice, and supporting achievement of their career goals."

Retrieved July 10, 2018 from https://www.acpe-accredit.org/continuing-professional-development/



The CPD Cycle Reflect, Plan, Learn and Apply, Evaluate **Reflect Plan, Learn and Apply, Evaluate **Reviewed July 10, 2018 from https://www.acpe.acredit.org/wpcontent/uploads/CPDCycle2014Colorips Continuing Professional Development (CPD) Cycle graphic - Copyright © 2005 - 2014 Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education. Used with permission.

RDP and CPD: Pro-tip

- Use RDP as an opportunity to teach the concept of CPD
- Resident involvement in their RDP during their program can help them develop and understand skills needed for CPD
- Characteristics: career plan, dynamic, requires revision, up to the individual to maintain



Initial and Quarterly Updates: Other Tips

- Prevent RDP from being just a resident's self-assessment by including preceptor/RPD validation of resident's self-assessment
- Include a short term goal for each quarter
- Reflect on the success (or lack thereof) of the short term goal
 - At the next update
 - Adjust as needed
- Initial plan may take longer, but quarterly updates can become more efficient if well-constructed (build on each of the previous updates)



Initial and Quarterly Updates: Other Tips

- Talk about the RDP during preceptor meetings, handoffs
- Preceptors:
 - Use the RDP as a way to customize your LE to the resident
 - Review the RDP along with the LE description at the start of the LE, and refer back to both during the LE
- Use to track skill development and progress toward graduation requirements



Key Takeaways

- Introduce the concept of RDP early so residents understand the intent and how it differs from other assessment/feedback methods
- Utilize strategies to make the RDP process more meaningful and efficient, such as including preceptor mentors, using multiple sources to pool information, and involving the resident
- Use the RDP process to teach and develop valuable postresidency skills





Break up into groups of 4-6. For 5 minutes, discuss what you would include In the Resident Development Plan for the following resident.



Case Scenario

- One of your residents entered your program with a strong interest in Critical Care and is very motivated to pursue a PGY2 in this area.
- Incoming strengths listed on the initial self-assessment include motivation and effective patient counseling skills.
- She has worked as a pharmacy technician in the retail setting, but her experience in an acute care setting is limited to APPE rotations.
- She says that she gets nervous when presenting in front of a larger audience, but is very comfortable speaking with patients and their families.



Case Scenario

- Thus far in her program, she has demonstrated an above average clinical knowledge base, and is hard-working, personable, and empathetic.
- She makes patient care a priority, and other care team members enjoy interacting with her. However, she lacks confidence when applying her clinical knowledge to individual patients.
- She spends a lot of time working up each patient to make sure she doesn't miss any details, often focusing on details that do not impact the care plan.
- She also relies on her preceptor to validate even very straightforward care plans.



Case Scenario

- She is aware she is not as efficient in patient care activities as other residents, but feels she is more detail-oriented than they are.
- From a project standpoint, she knows what she must do, but struggles to meet deadlines, often asking for an additional day or an additional week. She actively seeks out feedback and incorporates it effectively, and her finished work products are of high quality.







2018 National Pharmacy Preceptors Conference
RESIDENT DEVELOPMENT PLAN — XXXVIC PGY2 Medication - Use Safety Pharmacy Residency 2017-2018

Changes to Program Ist Quarter Update/Effective ness of Changes

2nd Quarter Update **Initial Plan: Changes to Program Entering Characteristics** 3rd Quarter Update **Background Information:** Interests: Updated Interests: Emergency medicine, critical care, ambulatory care, medication safety, administration • Public health/education/awareness, patient education in general (ex. via career, collaboration, and other means/social media) Career Goals: Short term: ED pharmacist, critical care/ambulatory care **Updated Career Goals:** Build a strong clinical knowledge base/foundation and hands on understanding of hospital pharmacy workflow prior to serving • Long term goal of improving patient knowledge of healthcare and medications in pharmacy administration in order to accurately represent pharmacy and make relevant decisions Long term: Medication Safety, Administration, improving the healthcare system on a large scale **Personal Residency Changes to Program Based on Personal** Effectiveness of Changes to Program Based on Effectiveness of Changes to Program Based on **Effectiveness of Changes to Program** Goals: **Residency Goals: Personal Residency Goals:** Personal Residency Goals: **Based on Personal Residency Goals:** RLS Goals Achieved End Q1: **RLS Goals Achieved End Q3:** Gain exposure to • Due to her overlapping interests in medication • Her short term career goals include gaining medication safety and safety and emergency medicine, assign her • Because of her prior knowledge of and experience and working and developing as an • Completed goals R7.2.2, 7.2.3 by administration for a Medication Safety projects specifically related experience with the our system and RPD, She emergency department pharmacist. In order to creating an Opioid Conversion to to emergency medicine/critical care to create was able to quickly orient herself to multiple fulfill these short term goals, She completed her initial PCA guideline per pharmacy future long term career in medication a bridge between medication safety and longitudinal medication safety projects elective learning experience in the ED as an for sickle cell disease patients to safety and emergency medicine and to allow her to including pain management and her independent pharmacist during the night shift fulfill the needs of the institution administration observe the overall picture of the pharmacy longitudinal research project regarding best which gave her ample opportunities to grow as an (applicable to acute ED patient Observe the pharmacy department working in conjunction practice alerts for medications in older adults independent ED pharmacist who also had her ED population and patients admitted to · Based on her residency goal of gaining and fulfill R6.1.1, 6.1.2, 6.1.3, 6.2.1, 6.2.2, preceptors to refer to when in need of guidance the floor) structure, experience in emergency medicine and serving 8.1.1. 8.1.2. and 8.1.3 RLS Goals Achieved End Q2: • Completed planned goal 8.1.4 by relationships, functioning from a · Based on the needs of the medical center • Fulfilled goal R8.1.5 by creating and presenting a as an independent ED provider, assign her to implementing a system wide medication the ED night shift elective to allow her to gain and pharmacy department, she fulfilled management case study at a national meeting pharmacy protocol for QTc interval safety/administrative independence and confidence as the primary R7.1.1, 7.1.2, 7.1.3, 7.1.4 and medication monitoring perspective drug information resource • She fulfilled goals R2.4.1, 2.4.2, • Increase experience in 2.4.3, 2.4.4, 4.1.1, 4.4.3, 4.5.1, and emergency medicine 2.1.1, 1.1.11, and 2.1.1 by RLS Goals for Q1: (planned) RLS Goals for Q2: (planned) RLS Goals for Q3: (planned) · Refine skillset and independently running a didactic • R4.3.1 • R8.1.5 • To incorporate applying medication safety and lecture regarding medication errors proficiency in emergency medicine clinical knowledge abilities, complete R7.2.2 and for the Medication Safety class at and critical care 7.2.3 and improve patient safety in the emergency the XXX School of Pharmacy. department (and elsewhere if applicable on a Serve as a larger scale) RLS Goals for Q4: (planned) knowledgeable and • She will be able to fulfill goal R8.1.4 when her This quarter we are going to focus on independent house wide research project goes live into the Epic improving her progress in goals emergency department EHR system R6.3.1, 7.3.4, and 8.1.7 by creating pharmacist Based on her realized interest of increasing and scheduling research time for her to focus on multiple research projects, people's knowledge and awareness of healthcare presentations, and data analysis to the and safety, having her focus on fulfilling goals point that she can present her data R2.4.1, 2.4.2, 2.4.3, 2.4.4, 4.1.1, 4.4.3, 4.5.1, and effectively on a poster that concisely 2.1.1 displays her research Effectiveness of Initial Plan and Changes to Effectiveness of Plan and Changes to Program Based Effectiveness of Plan and Changes to Strengths: Initial Plan and Changes to Program Based on Resident's Initial Strengths: Program Based on Resident's Initial Strengths: on Resident's Strengths: Program Based on Resident's Interest and passion for medication and • Initial plan: due to her passion for patient **Resident Progress: Resident Progress:** Strengths:

- patient safety, dedication to patient safety
- Detail-oriented
- · Involvement with professional organizations, student pharmacv organizations
- Gets along well with others
- safety and detail-oriented nature, assign her hands-on real world assignments that can directly improve patient safety including creating medication policies and guidelines to improve the current medication process
- · Based on her prior experience with student organizations (APhA-ASP president, APhA-ASP Faculty Advisor), give her more opportunities to work in conjunction with and precept students

RLS Goals Achieved End Q1:

• As a result of modifying her schedule to incorporate more time in the emergency department, She was able to fulfill goal R4.3.1

Updated Strengths:

· Thorough and comprehensive review of literature, including primary literature, relating to medication safety guidelines

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• As noted on Dr. Sample's evaluation, with her additional time spent as an independent pharmacist in the ED, she has further developed and improved as a clinical pharmacist in the emergency department

Updated Strengths:

• Improvement in clinical database, prioritization/ management of tasks via hands on experience during clinical elective learning experiences

Updated Strengths:

• Based on her evaluations from her preceptors, one of her strengths is her ability to assess her progress by requesting and welcoming feedback

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		2010 National Dhames are Brassetters C	anfaranca	
Knows the LLU system, culture, and EHR from her experience at LLU as a PGY1 Areas for Growth/ Improvement:	Shorten orientation to 1 week due to the fact that she has already participated in the same orientation process as a PGY1. Change schedule to forgo hospital practice due to she completed the requirement as a PGY1 and to give her more time for electives to achieve her goal of gaining exposure, knowledge, and experience in emergency medicine Initial Plan and Changes to Program To Incorporate Resident's Initial Areas for	Creatise of her traffit ye independently evelor create evidence based guidelines based on primary literature and prior examples of protocols and guidelines, give Leilani the independence to communicate and work directly with the physicians and pharmacists to update and refine new and existing medication-related policies Effectiveness of Initial Plan and Changes to Program To Incorporate Resident's Initial	emergency department and her interest in expanding her overall clinical database, give Leilani a week to rotate with pharmacists in other fields such as oncology and transplant Effectiveness of Plan and Changes to Program To Incorporate Resident's Areas for Improvement:	Effectiveness of Plan and Changes to Program To Incorporate Resident's
Clinical database, expand Prioritization/manage ment of tasks	Improvement: • Focus on goal R4.3.1 during the ED Day learning experience to maximize the efficiency of completing a task in a patient-care area that incorporates time sensitive tasks	Areas for Improvement: Resident Progress: RLS Goals Achieved End Q1: By maximizing her exposure to emergency medicine by first following the emergency department pharmacists during the day shift, she was able to refine her knowledge of relevant critical care clinical pearls and receive feedback in real time and fulfill goal R4.3.1 Updated Plan To Incorporate Resident's Areas for Improvement: In order to improve her knowledge base, since the MICU is a time-consuming learning experience, allow her to focus on her MICU learning experience by not assigning her any new additional medication safety projects to start during this rotation Due to her involvement in both the medication safety and the clinical fields of pharmacy, create a feasible timeline for the resident allowing enough time for multiple projects to be completed in addition to longitudinal and teaching responsibilities	 Resident Progress: The timeline created to manage multiple projects at the same time facilitated: Participating in 3 medication safety related research projects with plans to present two of them at national meetings, mentoring a student organization and serving as the primary supervisor and contact for multiple events and competitions including a presentation for the NPCC, creating order set requests in requested format to be implemented by informatics based on house-wide guidelines, being involved with compiling the background information and appropriate personnel resources for multiple service requests to improve the electronic health record system at XXXMC to optimize medication safety based on reported medication errors, presenting medication safety projects and events at Medication Safety, MERP, and P&T meetings, researching potential processes and solutions for various medication safety related projects at XXXMC, serving as a student-mentor for the local ASHP chapter (ISHP), and composing and editing an interdisciplinary quarterly newsletter for the medical center Updated Plan Based on Updated Areas for Growth:	Areas for Improvement: Resident Progress: RLS Goals Achieved End Q1: • By independently running the MERP Core meeting, she fulfilled goals R1.1.4, 1.1.6, 1.1.8, 2.1.1, 2.1.2, 2.2.1, 2.2.2, 2.3.4, 2.3.5, 3.1.1, 3.1.2 and more. For example, she presented current flaws in the medication use system to the committee and proposed changes to improve the system such as reducing the default duration of ordered opioids and PCAs in the EHR. She also prioritized her goals to improve the system by placing greater importance on her presentation of the most pertinent proposals

RESIDENT DEVELOPMENT PLAN EXAMPLE SANDY RESIDENT, PHARM.D.

Entering Characteristics	Initial Plan: Changes to Program	1 st Quarter Update/ Effectiveness of Changes	2 nd Quarter Update	3 rd Quarter Update
 Strengths Has a lot of drug distribution experience as a tech/lead tech at this hospital – very competent in this area Gets along well with others Drug distribution Writing skills 	 Shorten orientation to drug distribution from 4 weeks to 3 weeks with a focus on the pharmacist's role. Monitor resident strengths and determine if additional modifications are needed during 1st quarter update. 	 3 week orientation period/drug distribution successful Concur that getting along well with others is a strength Writing skills – concur that this is a strength 		
 Areas for Improvement Broaden data base and improve patient monitoring Oncology noted as weakness in patient care skills. 	 The program provides ample opportunity to improve data base and patient monitoring skills. The desire to work on these will be conveyed to preceptors. Ask preceptor to give additional feedback on patient care skills. Since oncology is an elective area, will not schedule anything to address oncology at this time. She will have some exposure to cancer patients in her required rotations. Review performance related to data base collection and monitoring of patients and determine if any modifications are needed during 1st quarter update. 	 Schedule additional time in Family Medicine to help resident achieve patient care objectives (R1.1.2 & R1.1.4 rated NI during Family Medicine rotation). Continue to request preceptors provide more feedback on R1.1.2 and R1.1.4. No change in other areas. 	 10/31 Update: To address nervousness impacting presentations and other communications: Add Objective E6.2.3: Deliver a practice-based educational activity, including didactic or experiential teaching, or facilitation. Add Objective E8.1.1: Design and deliver programs for health care consumers that center on disease prevention and wellness promotion. Additional objectives added to current rotations and evaluations. Monitor with 	

		evaluations/preceptor and resident feedback. Will update the plan again at the end of this quarter or sooner if need. • Discussed with Residency Advisory Committee and all of Sandy's preceptors so they can assist with monitoring progress of her continued development. • Will meet with preceptors and resident at the end of November to be sure progress is occurring.	
Resident Progress	Most goals and objectives marked SP. R1.1.2 and R1.1.4 rated NI for patient care skills. Preceptors plan to give additional coaching and feedback in these areas.	• 10/31 Update: Resident has improved on R1.1.2 and R1.1.4. However, she is having difficulty giving presentations and communicating needed information to the health care team due to nervousness. Therefore, Objective E6.2.3 and E8.1.1 have been added to give her more experience and build her confidence.	